

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Previously Presented) A connector for injecting fluid to a catheter, comprising:
 - an attachment portion adapted to fluidly couple to a source of pressurized fluid;
 - a bypass element fluidly connected to the attachment portion, the bypass element being adapted to open a valve of the catheter and to introduce fluids into the catheter distally of the valve;
 - an overpressure control element adapted to maintain a pressure of fluid within the connector below a predetermined threshold level, wherein the overpressure control element comprises an extension tube connected to the attachment portion, and is adapted to burst when the pressure within the connector exceeds the predetermined threshold level;
 - a fluid capture jacket disposed around said overpressure control element and adapted to collect fluid spilled from a rupture in said overpressure control element; and
 - a space between said fluid capture jacket and said overpressure control element.
2. (Previously Presented) The connector according to claim 1, wherein the bypass element comprises an elongated tubular component insertable into the catheter through the valve of the catheter.
3. (Original) The connector according to claim 2, wherein the elongated tubular component has a diameter selected to fit in a flow opening of the valve of the catheter.
4. (Previously Presented) The connector according to claim 2, wherein the elongated tubular component is a hypotube.
5. (Original) The connector according to claim 2, wherein the elongated tubular component

includes an outlet which, when the elongated tubular component is inserted into the catheter through the valve, is located distally of the valve.

6. (Canceled)

7. (Original) The connector according to claim 1, wherein the overpressure control element comprises a pressure relief valve.

8. (Original) The connector according to claim 1, wherein the overpressure control element comprises a controlled failure element designed to fail when a fluid pressure therein reaches the threshold level.

9. (Original) The connector according to claim 8, wherein the controlled failure element is an extension tube.

10. (Original) The connector according to claim 1, further comprising an external collection jacket disposed around the overpressure control element.

11. (Original) The connector according to claim 1, wherein the bypass element is adapted to open a pressure actuated safety valve of a venous catheter.

12. (Original) The connector according to claim 1, wherein the attachment portion is adapted to connect to a contrast media power injection system.

13. (Original) The connector according to claim 1, wherein the threshold level is selected to

be less than a burst pressure of a catheter with which the connector is to be used.

14. (Original) The connector according to claim 13, wherein the threshold level is approximately 300 psi.

15. (Original) The connector according to claim 14, wherein the threshold level is approximately 100 psi.

16. (Original) The connector according to claim 13, wherein the threshold level is approximately 80 psi.

17. (Original) The connector according to claim 16, wherein the threshold level is approximately 40 psi.

18. (Previously Presented) A fluid coupler comprising:

an elongated tube extending between a first end adapted for fluid connection to a power injector and a second end adapted for fluid connection to a catheter including a valve in a proximal part thereof, the second end being insertable into the catheter beyond the valve thereof so that fluid is introduced into the catheter distally of the valve;

a pressure control element adapted to limit a fluid pressure within the coupler to a predetermined threshold level, wherein the pressure control element comprises an extension tube connected to the first end, and is configured to burst when the pressure within the coupler exceeds the predetermined threshold level;

a fluid capture jacket disposed around said overpressure control element and adapted to collect fluid spilled from a rupture in said overpressure control element; and

a space between said fluid capture jacket and said overpressure control element.

19. (Original) The coupler according to claim 18, wherein the elongated tube is a hypotube.

20. (Canceled)

21. (Original) The coupler according to claim 18, wherein the pressure control element comprises a section having a burst pressure lower than a burst pressure of the catheter.

22. (Canceled)

23. (Original) The coupler according to claim 18, wherein the pressure control element comprises a pressure relief valve.

24. (Original) The coupler according to claim 18, further comprising a fluid collection jacket surrounding the pressure control element.